Minimum Connector - Q2 [5 marks](17/6/21)

## Exam Boards

OCR : D (Year 1)
MEI: MwA
AQA: D (Year 1)
Edx: D1 (Year 1)

Minimum connectors $M_{1} \& M_{2}$ have been found for two networks. A new network $N$ is then formed by joining together $M_{1} \& M_{2}$ by the arcs $A B$ and $C D$, where $A \& C$ are nodes in $M_{1}$ and $B \& D$ are nodes in $M_{2}$.

The tree $T$ is then formed from $M_{1}$ and $M_{2}$, together with the shorter of $A B$ and $C D$. Is $T$ always, sometimes or never a minimum connector for $N$ ? [5 marks]

## Solution

If $C D$ (say) is very large (compared with the other arcs in $N$ ), then $T$ will be a minimum connector for $N$, using AB (as one of AB and CD has to be included). [2 marks]

But if AB and CD are both shorter than any of the other arcs in $N$, then $T$ won't be a minimum connector for $N$, as one of the arcs of $M_{1}$ or $M_{2}$ will have been replaced. [2 marks]

So the answer is: sometimes. [1 mark]

