## Minimum Connector Overview (17/6/21)

## Q1 [Practice/E]

For the network below:

(i) Apply Kruskal's algorithm to create a minimum spanning tree (showing the order in which arcs are added), and giving the total weight.
(ii) Apply Prim's algorithm to create a minimum spanning tree starting at A (showing the order in which nodes are added), and giving the total weight.
(iii) Create a distance matrix for the network.
(iv) Use this matrix to apply Prim's algorithm - starting at J this time.

## Q2 [5 marks]

Minimum connectors $M_{1} \& M_{2}$ have been found for two networks. A new network $N$ is then formed by joining together $M_{1} \& M_{2}$ by the arcs $A B$ and $C D$, where $A \& C$ are nodes in $M_{1}$ and $B \& D$ are nodes in $M_{2}$.

The tree $T$ is then formed from $M_{1}$ and $M_{2}$, together with the shorter of $A B$ and $C D$. Is $T$ always, sometimes or never a minimum connector for $N$ ?

