## Graphs – Q2 [Practice/M]

Prove that the number of arcs in  $K_n$  is  $\frac{1}{2}(n-1)n$ ?

## Solution

## Method 1

There are *n* nodes of order n - 1

So total of orders = n(n-1),

and total number of arcs  $=\frac{1}{2}n(n-1)$ 

## Method 2

There are n - 1 arcs joining the 1st node.

After the 1st node has been excluded, there are a further n - 2 arcs joining the 2nd node; and so on.

Giving a total of  $(n - 1) + (n - 2) + \dots + 1 = \frac{1}{2}(n - 1)n$