## Polynomials - Q6 (26/6/23)

If  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and  $\gamma$  are the roots of the equation

$$x^3 - 14x^2 + 56x - 64 = 0,$$

find the equation with roots  $\alpha\beta$ ,  $\alpha\gamma$  and  $\beta\gamma$ .

## Solution

Let 
$$u = \alpha \beta = \frac{\alpha \beta \gamma}{\gamma} = \frac{64}{\gamma}$$

Then  $\gamma = \frac{64}{u}$  satisfies the original equation

Similarly for  $u = \alpha \gamma$  and  $u = \beta \gamma$ .

Thus the required equation is

$$\left(\frac{64}{u}\right)^3 - 14\left(\frac{64}{u}\right)^2 + 56\left(\frac{64}{u}\right) - 64 = 0,$$

giving 
$$4096 - 896u + 56u^2 - u^3 = 0$$

or 
$$u^3 - 56u^2 + 896u - 4096 = 0$$