## Matrices – Q2 [Practice/M](26/5/21)

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(i) Under what conditions will x = 0 be an invariant line?

(ii) Under what conditions will there be an invariant line of the form  $x = \lambda$  (where  $\lambda \neq 0$ )?

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## Solution

(i) Suppose that  $\begin{pmatrix} a & c \\ b & d \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ y' \end{pmatrix}$ , for all y.

Then cy = 0 for all y, so that c = 0

(ii) Suppose that  $\begin{pmatrix} a & c \\ b & d \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \lambda \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \lambda \\ y' \end{pmatrix}$ , for all y.

Then  $a\lambda + cy = \lambda$  for all *y*, so that c = 0, and a = 1