

## Differentiation – Q1 (9/5/21)

### Question [P]

Find the derivative of  $\tan x$  using (a) the Quotient rule, and (b) the Product rule

**Solution**

$$(a) \frac{d}{dx}(\tan x) = \frac{d}{dx}\left(\frac{\sin x}{\cos x}\right) = \frac{\cos x(\cos x) - \sin x(-\sin x)}{\cos^2 x}$$

$$= (\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x)\sec^2 x$$

$$= \sec^2 x$$

$$(b) \frac{d}{dx}(\tan x) = \frac{d}{dx}(\sin x \cdot (\cos x)^{-1})$$

$$= \cos x(\cos x)^{-1} + (\sin x)(-1)(\cos x)^{-2}(-\sin x)$$

$$= 1 + \tan^2 x = \sec^2 x$$