

Complex Numbers Q24 – Problem/H (15/6/23)

Use complex numbers to show that $\sin\left(\frac{5\pi}{12}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{6}}{4}$

Solution

$$\frac{5\pi}{12} = \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{6}$$

$$\text{Let } z_1 = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) + i\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \text{ and } z_2 = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) + i\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right)$$

$$\text{Then } \arg(z_1 z_2) = \arg(z_1) + \arg(z_2) = \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{5\pi}{12},$$

$$\text{and hence } \sin\left(\frac{5\pi}{12}\right) = \frac{\text{Im}(z_1 z_2)}{|z_1 z_2|} = \frac{\text{Im}(z_1 z_2)}{|z_1||z_2|} = \text{Im}(z_1 z_2)$$

$$\text{Then, as } z_1 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}i \text{ and } z_2 = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{1}{2}i,$$

$$\text{Im}(z_1 z_2) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = \frac{1+\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{6}}{4}, \text{ as required.}$$