

STEP/Differential Equations Q2 (15/6/23)

To convert $x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + ax \frac{dy}{dx} + by = 0$

to $\frac{d^2y}{du^2} + c \frac{dy}{du} + dy = 0$ (*)

Which of the following substitutions works: $u = e^x$ or $x = e^u$?

Solution

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{du} \frac{du}{dx}$$

$$\text{Now, } u = e^x \Rightarrow \frac{du}{dx} = u,$$

$$\text{and } x = e^u \Rightarrow \frac{du}{dx} = \frac{1}{\left(\frac{dx}{du}\right)} = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\text{In the latter case, } \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{du} \left(\frac{1}{x}\right), \text{ and } x \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{du}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Then } \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} &= \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{dy}{du} \left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \right) = \left(\frac{d^2y}{du^2} \cdot \frac{du}{dx} \right) \left(\frac{1}{x}\right) + \frac{dy}{du} \left(-\frac{1}{x^2}\right) \\ &= \frac{1}{x^2} \left(\frac{d^2y}{du^2} - \frac{dy}{du} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{So } x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + ax \frac{dy}{dx} + by = 0 \text{ becomes}$$

$$\left(\frac{d^2y}{du^2} - \frac{dy}{du} \right) + a \frac{dy}{du} + by = 0$$

$$\text{ie } \frac{d^2y}{du^2} + (a - 1) \frac{dy}{du} + by = 0$$