STEP 2008, Paper 3, Q13 - Solution (2 pages; 5/6/18)

E(number of rings created at the 1st step)

=P(2nd end is from the same string as the 1st end)

$$=\frac{1}{2n-1}$$

After the 1st step, either a ring has been created, leaving n - 1 pieces of string, or no ring has been created, but again leaving n - 1 pieces of string. So, after the 1st step, the process starts again, with n - 1 pieces of string.

Hence E(number of rings created by the end of the process)

$$= \frac{1}{2n-1} + \frac{1}{2(n-1)-1} + \cdots$$
$$= \frac{1}{2n-1} + \frac{1}{2n-3} + \cdots + \frac{1}{1}$$

(when there is one string left, a ring has to be formed)

$$=\sum_{r=1}^{n}\frac{1}{2r-1}$$
 [reversing the order of the series]

Let $Y = X_1 + \dots + X_n$ be the total number of rings created, where X_r is the number of rings created by selecting 2 ends from r strings (so that $X_r = 0$ or 1), so that $P(X_r = 1) = \frac{1}{2r-1}$

Then $Var(Y) = \sum_{r=1}^{n} Var(X_r)$ and $Var(X_r) = E(X_r^2) - (E(X_r))^2$ $= \left\{ \frac{1}{2r-1} (1^2) + 0 \right\} - \left(\frac{1}{2r-1} \right)^2$ $= \frac{(2r-1)-1}{(2r-1)^2} = \frac{2(r-1)}{(2r-1)^2}$

fmng.uk

Thus
$$Var(Y) = 2\sum_{r=1}^{n} \frac{r-1}{(2r-1)^2} = 2\sum_{r=2}^{n} \frac{r-1}{(2r-1)^2}$$

E(number of rings created when n = 40) = $\sum_{r=1}^{40000} \frac{1}{2r-1}$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} + \dots + \frac{1}{79999}\right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \dots + \frac{1}{80000}\right) - \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{6} + \dots + \frac{1}{80000}\right)$$

$$\approx ln80000 - \frac{1}{2}ln40000$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}ln\left(\frac{80000^{2}}{40000}\right) = \frac{1}{2}ln160000 = ln400 = 2ln20 \approx 2(3) = 6$$

[Note that Probability (and also Mechanics) questions quite often involve parts that are nothing to do with the subject!]