

Parabolas Q1 [4 marks] (29/5/21)

Exam Boards

OCR : -

MEI: -

AQA: -

Edx: Further Pure 1 (Year 1)

Using the parametric equations of a parabola ($x = at^2$, $y = 2at$), show that the midpoints of chords of a parabola that have the same direction lie on a straight line parallel to the x -axis.

[A chord of a parabola joins two points on the parabola.]

[4 marks]

Using the parametric equations of a parabola ($x = at^2$, $y = 2at$), show that the midpoints of chords of a parabola that have the same direction lie on a straight line parallel to the x -axis.

[A chord of a parabola joins two points on the parabola.]

[4 marks]

Solution

Let points P and Q on the parabola have parameters t_1 & t_2 .

The chord PQ has gradient $\frac{2at_2 - 2at_1}{at_2^2 - at_1^2} = \frac{2(t_2 - t_1)}{t_2^2 - t_1^2} = \frac{2}{t_1 + t_2}$, and we are told that this is constant. [2 marks]

The y -coordinate of the midpoint of PQ is $\frac{1}{2}(2at_1 + 2at_2) = a(t_1 + t_2)$, [1 mark]

which is constant, as $\frac{2}{t_1 + t_2}$ and therefore $t_1 + t_2$ are constant, giving the required result. [1 mark]