

Induction – Q3 [Practice/E] (18/6/23)

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{8} + \cdots + \frac{1}{2^n} = 1 - \frac{1}{2^n}$$

Solution

Result to prove: $\sum_{r=1}^n \frac{1}{2^r} = 1 - \frac{1}{2^n}$

[Show that the result is true for $n = 1$]

Now assume that the result is true for $n = k$, so that

$$\sum_{r=1}^k \frac{1}{2^r} = 1 - \frac{1}{2^k}$$

The target result is $\sum_{r=1}^{k+1} \frac{1}{2^r} = 1 - \frac{1}{2^{k+1}}$

$$\text{Then } \sum_{r=1}^{k+1} \frac{1}{2^r} = 1 - \frac{1}{2^k} + \frac{1}{2^{k+1}}$$

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{2^{k+1}}(2 - 1) = 1 - \frac{1}{2^{k+1}}, \text{ which is the target.}$$

[Standard wording]